

Kieck, Scheer and Garcia stand for a maximum county salary of \$2,500 a year. What does the gang stand for?

ELY says it has cost the state \$10,000 to educate Hugh Williams. But is he educated?

The Evening Herald

CAN you afford to let the old gang run your business two more years?

MEMBER ASSOCIATED PRESS

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GERMANS THROW MEN RUTHLESSLY AT ALLIES

Furious Battle Continues to Rage Along North Sea, Where Teutons Disregard Human Life in Vain Endeavor to Pierce Opposing Lines; Indications Persist That Franco-British Efforts to Cut Off Antagonists' Right Wing Are Successful.

RUSSIANS TAKE TRIO OF TOWNS AT POINT OF BAYONET

FRENCH ABLE TO REPULSE ATTACK OF KAISER

Line from Nieuport to Dixmude Maintained Despite Desperate Efforts of War Lord's Forces.

FORCES OF CZAR WIN SOUTH OF PRZEMYSL Stubborn Combats on River San Result Favorable to Troops of Little Father who Rout Austrian Column.

Paris, Oct. 26.—(10:47 p. m.)—The Home correspondent of the Havas agency says that according to dispatches received in Rome from Berlin, Major General Erich von Falkenbain, the German minister of war, had been appointed chief of the general staff, succeeding General Helmuth von Moltke, who is ill.

Paris, Oct. 25.—(2:54 p. m.)—The French official communication given out this afternoon says that yesterday the French line between Nieuport and Dixmude was maintained. The text of the communication follows:

"During the day of yesterday our front along the general line between Nieuport and Dixmude was maintained. The German forces which crossed the Yser between those two towns have not been able to progress. Our front was held also in the region between Ypres and Roulers, between Armentieres and Lille, to the west of La Bassée and of Lens and to the east of Arras. This line is continued to the south by the line which already has been indicated in these official communications. During the fighting of recent days the enemy seems to have sustained considerable losses.

"To the south of the Yser, in the direction of Radom, there has been a lively engagement between the Austrians and the Austro-Germans, who had prisoners and cannon.

"To the south of some the Russian troops crossed the Vistula by night force, driving the Austrians back on the river San and to the south of Przemysl there have occurred stubborn combats resulting favorably to the Russians.

ALBES ARE ADVANCING.

SAYS BERTER'S COMPANY

London, Oct. 26 (3:15 p. m.)—"Advices from the front this morning," through the Paris correspondent of Bertier's Telegram company, "indicate a general allied advance in the region between Nieuport and Ypres as well as to the east of Arras."

SUIT AGAINST THE GREAT NORTHERN ABOUT SETTLED

Counsel for Government Announces in Court that Matter is Now Only One of Computation of Costs Involved.

Philadelphia, Oct. 26.—Counsel for the government announced to the United States district court today that its action against the Great Northern railway is settled, so far as the railway's interests are concerned, so far as the government is concerned, so far as the railway is concerned, so far as the government is concerned.

While on the subject of uniform prices as an indication of non-competitive conditions in the steel industry, Mr. Colton said the steel corporation sold products in foreign markets at prices greatly lower than in the United States. The defense, he said, contended that it was only the surplus product that was so disposed of in foreign markets.

Mr. Colton said the fact that the steel corporation sold its surplus at a reduction in the foreign markets was an indication that the corporation intended to keep up excessive prices at home. If the corporation had been honest with the public, Mr. Colton said, it would have disposed of its surplus products in the United States at lower prices.

David A. Reed of Pittsburgh, counsel for the Steel corporation, defended Andrew Carnegie's action in disposing of his interests in the steel corporation when it was organized. Mr. Reed said Mr. Carnegie had no thought that the Steel corporation intended to monopolize the steel business. Mr. Carnegie, one thought, he said, was in retirement a long and active career and devoid his time to philanthropy.

Counsel pictured the meeting between Andrew Carnegie and the late J. P. Morgan, when the deal was closed for the sale of the Carnegie properties. James H. Reed of Pittsburgh was at the meeting and counsel quoted him in describing the parting between Mr. Carnegie and Mr. Morgan.

"When Mr. Carnegie was leaving Mr. Morgan," James H. Reed is quoted as saying, "he turned to the banker and said: 'Pierpont, I am the happiest man in the world. I have unburdened the burden upon your back. I am off to Europe to play.'"

The government in its charge against the Steel corporation referred to Mr. Carnegie as a conspirator. Counsel said that in the light of what Mr. Carnegie has done with his fortune for the good of mankind, to refer to him "in the terms applied to wicked criminals" to the dock is unworthy of the government.

David A. Reed is a son of James H. Reed, who is a director in the Steel corporation.

(Continued on Page Two.)

CHINESE MINISTER DEMANDS SURRENDER OF JAPANESE BOAT

The Chinese foreign minister has demanded the surrender of a Japanese torpedo boat with its crew which entered Chinese waters and substituted the Japanese flag for the Chinese dragon and attempted to tow away a wrecked German torpedo boat.

The supreme efforts of the fighting fleet of five nations have failed to turn the tide of battle along the Franco-Belgian border. Latest reports today were that a struggle of unparalleled fury was still in progress along the North Sea, where the Germans with reckless bravery are hurrying their troops against the allied forces.

The French official statement indicates that an attempt to cut off the German right wing had made some progress. It is said, the allies have established a front from Ypres to Roulers, the German line has been thrust back in a sharp angle the point of which is consistently to the northward of their forces on the shore of the North sea.

The German movement across the Yser, which presented a menace, subject to the allies, has been checked, the French war office says.

All accounts agree that the toll of human life exacted in this crucial struggle is enormous. Three newsdays ago, a British correspondent reports are heaped with German dead.

From the remainder of the long line of battle, stretching to the south and east across France to the edge of Switzerland, there is no word. Apparently both sides are awaiting the outcome of the conflict to the north, upon which depends future plans of campaigning, although it is possible that heavy fighting is in progress to the north of Verdun, where the army of the German crown prince is making a desperate effort to pierce the French line.

Reports from the eastern front indicate that the greatest battle of the war in that area is impending. Austria, in its latest official statement, makes the claim to have thrust strong forces across the Carpathians in the face of determined resistance. German and Austrian forces, it is said, have now a strong wall of troops along a well established line which stretches from the northern spur of the Carpathians before the long disputed fortress of Przemyel and on into the district of Plock. Before this line is arrayed the main army of the Russians, now said to have been reinforced by troops from the Caucasus, Siberia and Turkestan. The Austrians claim successes in engagements to the northeast of Przemyel and on the lower San.

Latest dispatches from Petrograd say that the Germans are continuing their "precipitate retreat" and have evacuated Lodz in Poland. An attempt by the Germans to check the Russian advance, it is said, was unsuccessful.

No word has come up to early afternoon of the fighting at Tiberias, where a smallarrison is attempting to stand off attacks by land and sea from the combined Japanese and British forces. Recent reports that relations between China and Japan were being strained were strengthened by word from Peking that the Chinese foreign minister had demanded the surrender of a Japanese torpedo boat which entered Chinese waters and attempted to tow away the wreck of the torpedo boat launched by the Germans to escape destruction by the Japanese.

A message from Berlin confirms recent reports that General Von Moltke was no longer acting as chief of the German general staff. Owing to his illness, it was said, his place was being filled by General Von Falkenbain.

BRITAIN PROMISES NOT TO MOLEST PROPERLY SENT SHIPMENTS

Consignment Must be Made to Neutral Governments or Specific Consignees Says Warning from Spring-Rice.

COTTON MAY BE SENT TO ANY BELLIGERENTS

Staple Crop will not be Interfered with Regardless of its Destination. According to British Ambassador.

Washington, Oct. 26.—Sir Cecil Spring Rice, the British ambassador, by instruction of Sir Edward Grey, issued a warning today to American shippers, through the state department, to consign all cargoes bound for neutral countries to the neutral government or a specific consignee.

Two notes addressed to Acting Secretary Langley by British ministers will not interfere with neutral commerce when shipments are properly consigned. The documents specifically exempt cotton from prohibition, even though destined to belligerent countries, as this article is not contraband.

With respect to petroleum oils and articles listed as "conditional contraband," the notes say Great Britain will cease to interfere if the papers of the ship show their ultimate destination to be neutral.

The first note, dated today, says:

"In compliance with your request, I telegraphed on the 23rd instant to my government to inquire what was their view with regard to cotton and whether or not they considered it to be contraband. You addressed this question to me on the 20th and I have to inform you that Great Britain is in this matter as to the attitude of my government.

"Last night I returned a reply from Sir Edward Grey, in which he authorized me to give you assurance that cotton will not be seized. He points out that cotton has not been put in any of our lists of contraband and as your department must be aware from the draft of the prohibition now in your possession, it is not proposed to include it in our new list of contraband. It is, in fact, in the free list and will remain there."

The second note refers particularly to the case of the tanker Rockefeller, recently released by the British government, but states the general policy of Great Britain on the subject of contraband. The text follows:

"With reference to the case of the Rockefeller I think it would be opportune were I to make some remarks on the general question of contraband and the attitude of the British government.

"You are doubtless aware that in the last few weeks there has been a marked increase of the export of certain articles as compared with previous years. To these articles belong, among others, coal, oil, rubber, etc. It has, however, been pointed out by the belligerent nations. I will choose, among many, the single instance of mineral oils, and the returns for the month of September. Whereas the value of the United States exports of the principal exports for that month, as compared with September, 1913, have decreased from \$187,990,000 to \$14,600,000, or 25 per cent, the exports of gasoline, naphtha, etc. has increased from 25,000,000 to 23,900,000 gallons, or 15 per cent, and of fuel oil, from 26 to 35 million gallons, or 61 per cent.

"I need not point out that the course of the present war has shown the immense importance of these motor oils and the petroleum, and the fact that the ship and the submarine, all of which are consumers of mineral oil. I may add that there is reason to believe that mineral oil is all its

5,000 Horses Held.

Fuel Worth, Texas, Oct. 26.—Five thousand war horses, it was estimated today, are held here awaiting delivery to the French and English army commissions, which have been busy buying here for several weeks.

WILLIAM J. BRYAN SAYS FERGUSSON IS NEEDED IN CAPITAL

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Washington, D. C., Oct. 2, 1914. Hon. H. B. Ferguson, House of Representatives, Washington, D. C.

My Dear Mr. Ferguson:

You may recollect me as saying that I am very anxious to see you re-elected. You have aided by the president in carrying out his splendid program and he needs you in Washington to assist him in the work in which he is engaged.

Yours very sincerely,

(Signed) W. J. BRYAN.

CONFERENCE WILL END SOON IS BELIEVED

Twenty-Six Chiefs Representing Zapata Welcomed by Villa; Carranzistas Return from Visit to Capital.

Washington, Oct. 26.—Official reports received here today indicated that the Mexican national convention at Aguas Calientes would today or tomorrow depose General Carranza as first chief and substitute a provisional president.

The southern leaders' reception of the northern chiefs was described in a telegram today as most cordial. General Villa, who was accompanied by General Carranza, returned to Aguas Calientes, where the peace conference was expected to resume its sessions today.

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DESTROYER'S CREW TELL OF SINKING OF SUBMARINE

Badger Rammed German Under-Water Vessel off Dutch Coast, Sustaining Minor Injuries from Concussion.

London, Oct. 26.—A dispatch to the Evening Star from Amsterdam says:

The British destroyer Badger ran in here to make sure that she had sustained no serious damage in the encounter and sinking the German submarine off the Dutch coast. The destroyer's plates were flattened in places, three feet thick, the foremast buckled back, the water line. The reports will go a matter of only a few hours.

A member of the Badger's crew said: "We were running off the Dutch coast just before dark when a suspicious looking object approached. The commander saw the outline of the enemy and we raced at her full speed. The submarine went down under our bows and as we drew off, our guns fired burning shrapnel at her."

PROGRESS OF YSER YET UNKNOWN

Question as to Advances Made by Kaiser's Troops Most Important Question in England Today.

FIRE OF BATTLESHIPS PILES DEAD IN HEAPS

Tiny Area of Belgium, Webbed with Canals, Scene of Bitterest Fighting and Heaviest Casualties to Date.

London, Oct. 26 (1:16 p. m.)—What progress it may be the German right has made since crossing the Yser between Nieuport and Dixmude, in Belgium, on Saturday, today stood high above all other questions asked in England concerning the situation of the allied armies.

That the Germans crossed this barrier is admitted by both sides, but whether they have been able to push forward or whether they have met such opposition from the British and French armies as to be held from wearing beyond the western bank is yet to be recorded in official statements.

The fact in this canal-webbed section of Belgium, to penetrate which and gain the channel ports Germany has been searching for many months, covers a comparatively tiny area of the whole battle line in France and Belgium, but here, unquestionably, the death has thickest. This fact is due, not only to the determined rush of the German forces, but also to the accurate fire of the British and French warships.

RED PAPERS' LATEST IN DIPLOMATIC CIRCLES.

Washington, Oct. 26.—The Mexican red papers are the latest addition to the publications of diplomacy. While not bearing the official stamp of any of the Mexican factions, the little volume which made its appearance today purports to contain official correspondence between Carranza, Villa, Zapata, Obregon and others, being an exposure of the great Chilean conspiracy to eliminate Don Venustiano Carranza.

MRS. CARMAN GIVEN FREEDOM ON BIG BILL

New York, Oct. 26.—Mrs. Florence Conklin Carman, who was on trial in Municipal court for the murder of her husband, Mrs. Louis Carman, was released on \$25,000 bail by Justice Charles H. Kelly, in the Kings county supreme court in Brooklyn this afternoon. According to her attorney, she started immediately for her home in Freeport.

COUNSEL PLAN REQUEST FOR EARL THIS MORNING.

Minneapolis, N. Y., Oct. 25.—Counsel for Mrs. Florence C. Carman planned to appear in the supreme court today and ask that she be released on her pending bail bond, and in the charge of her husband, Mrs. Louis D. Carman, or a decision to have the indictment against her quashed.

The jury which tried Mrs. Carman could not agree yesterday after deliberating more than thirteen hours. It was said the jury stood for acquittal and law for conviction.

RED CROSS SENDS \$65,000 TO EUROPE

Washington, Oct. 26.—The American Red Cross, through the state department, today transmitted by telegraph \$65,000 to the European war relief fund as follows:

American ambassador, Paris, for the American ambulance corps, \$25,000; American ambassador at London, for the American hospital at Toulon, \$10,000; American hospital at Munich, for the American hospital, \$10,000; American ambulance at Berlin, for the two hospitals in Germany where the American Red Cross is on duty, \$10,000; American minister at Vienna, for the hospitals where the American Red Cross is on duty, \$10,000.

ENGLAND NOT TREATING PRESS PROPERLY, SAYS TIMES

London, Oct. 25 (1:45 a. m.)—The Times in an editorial today, dealing with the censorship question, complains that the treatment accorded the Associated Press correspondents by the English and German governments to the disadvantage of the former, is "not fair."

"Perhaps Professor Asquith and his colleagues have heard of the great American organization known as the Associated Press. It is the most wonderful news organization in the world and nothing in Europe can compare with it. Its statements are generally accurate and are implicitly trusted throughout North America."

England is now speculating on when the Germans may attempt to break loose. The only action of the Belgian coast, German submarines have been dodging here and there off the coast during the past week, as far with no success. It would not surprise the British if the sea planes of the straggled become more general and pronounced in the near future, though nothing like a general naval action is expected.

There has been no marked change in the situation since the press officials' communications were issued. The conflicting forces were at each other's throats today, principally along the thirty-eight mile line stretching from Nieuport to the river Yser. A strange silence, but perhaps less active, was raising these southern to Arras.

Communications from Paris that the German extreme right is getting in being hampered by General von Falkenbain as a distinct surprise here. It was said last week that he had been superseded by General von Armin, but the latest version has him remaining on the scene, while Grand Duke Albrecht of Wurttemberg and

The seventh episode in "The Million Dollar Mystery" appears this afternoon in the Herald. The seventh episode appears on the screen at the Lyric theatre tonight and tomorrow night. In the future, the Herald will publish episodes of this thrilling serial on the Saturday before their appearance in the theatre.

We find that Herald readers like the serial story, published coincident with its production on the motion picture screen, and that the Million Dollar Mystery is as popular in Albuquerque as it is in cities big and little all over the United States.

It is fair to tell you that we have other dandy motion picture serial stories in view for you; stories which are just as thrilling and even more finished than the Million Dollar Mystery.

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